

# 新时代高职英语学习教程

## (下册)

主 编 李 滨

副主编 乔德玉 李艳红 王晓燕

参 编 吴文静 冯 煜 魏梦颖 靳文厚

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**Unit 1**

# *Love, Marriage and Family*

## Learning Objectives

通过本单元的学习，您将达到以下目标：

1. 通过一课一练中的词汇构成 (word formation)、选词填空 (blank filling)、字谜游戏 (word puzzle) 和句子翻译 (translation) 的练习，加强对课文学习中重难点词汇以及句型的理解和运用。
2. 通过生活情景英语听力练习 (listening comprehension) 和课文重点语法 (grammar) 同位语及同位语从句的讲解及练习，巩固、夯实英语基础，提升学习能力。
3. 通过阅读理解 (reading comprehension) 中与单元主题相关的三篇文章《善良给爱情带来的结局》 (*What Will Kindness Bring to Love*)、《婚姻中宽恕的意义和重要性》 (*The Significance and Importance of Forgiveness in a Marriage*) 以及《如何与孩子共度亲子时光》 (*How I Spend Quality Time with My Kids*) 使学生掌握和拓展与家庭生活相关的词汇，对主题内容有更深层次的了解。
4. 通过一课一练中应用文的写作练习 (composition)，进一步掌握并巩固英文广告的写作方法。





# Part I / Listening Comprehension



## Section A

**Directions:** Listen to the following recorded expressions, then choose the proper answers. After each reading, there is a pause. The expressions will be read once.

1. A. 6:15	B. 6:45	C. 7:15	D. 7:45
2. A. 6:15	B. 6:45	C. 7:15	D. 7:45
3. A. 425	B. 452	C. 450	D. 451
4. A. 3021	B. 3102	C. 3210	D. 3201
5. A. 14021	B. 14102	C. 15210	D. 15201

## Section B

**Directions:** Listen to the following five short dialogues, then choose the correct answer from A, B, C and D. Both the dialogues and questions will be read once.

6. A. At 7:15.	B. At 7:45.	C. At 8:15.	D. At 8:45.
7. A. 45 dollars.	B. 55 dollars.	C. 90 dollars.	D. 100 dollars.
8. A. Once a year.	B. Twice a year.	C. Once a month.	D. Twice a month.
9. A. On the first floor.	B. On the second floor.	C. On the third floor.	D. On the fourth floor.
10. A. 64738895.	B. 64739985.	C. 64735598.	D. 64732295.





## Section C

**Directions:** Listen to the following two long conversations, then choose the correct answer from A, B, C and D. Both the conversations and questions will be read once.

### Conversation 1

11. A. In the past 15 years. B. In the past 50 years. C. In the past 60 years. D. In the past 16 years.  
12. A. Families are larger than before. B. Young people seldom stay at home.  
C. Relatives seldom live in the same city. D. Relatives often live in the same city.  
13. A. She wants her parents to live with her. B. She doesn't want her parents to live with her.  
C. She wishes her parents to live with her brothers. D. She wants her parents to live alone.

### Conversation 2

14. A. Watch TV. B. Play outside. C. Go to the zoo. D. Go to swim.  
15. A. At home. B. In a cinema. C. In a supermarket. D. On campus.

## Section D

**Directions:** Spot dictation. Listen to the following short passage, then fill in the blanks with the missing words and phrases. The passage will be read twice.

Paul Tournier, the famous psychologist said, “I’ve been married six times—all to the (16).” He had shared that he never got divorced, but rather his marriage transitioned from one stage to another. Love and marriage go (17). Love, in a marriage, plays a crucial role and evolves as time goes by. After the initial rush of (18), love strengthens and transforms into an unbreakable bond. In a marriage, love is an (19), which means you may say it is all you want but, in the end, what you do matters the most. Love could mean sharing the house load with your spouse, taking turns to do the dishes, cooking a meal, sharing finances, making (20) for the others’ happiness and much, much more.



## Part II / Vocabulary and Structure

### Section A

**Directions:** Write the adjective of the following words.

1. economy	→	_____	6. agree	→	_____
2. comfort	→	_____	7. residence	→	_____
3. produce	→	_____	8. responsibility	→	_____
4. accept	→	_____	9. rely	→	_____
5. society	→	_____	10. cooperate	→	_____

### Section B

**Directions:** Fill in the blanks with the words above. Change the form if necessary.

11. Mike is \_\_\_\_\_ for designing the entire project.
12. Training involves a two-year \_\_\_\_\_ course.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ activity is essential to effective community work.
14. He seemed extremely \_\_\_\_\_ among our friends.
15. He was hopeful that the next round of talks would also be \_\_\_\_\_.
16. \_\_\_\_\_ growth has slowed a little.
17. We ought to organize more \_\_\_\_\_ events.
18. These new shoes are not very \_\_\_\_\_.
19. We want a political solution that is \_\_\_\_\_ to all parties.
20. Our information comes from a \_\_\_\_\_ source.

**Directions:** Fill in the blanks to complete the word with the hints below.

## Hints:

21 is an adjective that means “having an obligation to do something, or having control over or care for someone, as part of one’s job or role”.

22 is a noun that means “an extended social group having a distinctive cultural and economic organization”.

23 is an adjective that means “providing or experiencing physical well-being or relief”.

24 is a verb that means “have confidence or faith in sth./sb. or depend on it”.

25 is an adjective that means “of or relating to or connected with a country or its government.”

26 is a noun that means “the practice of cooperating”.

27 is a verb that means “to create or manufacture a ma-

28 is an adjective that means “quite enjoyable and pleasurable; pleasant”

29 is a verb that means “you say yes to it or agree to take it”.

30 is a noun that means “the system according to which the

or region are organized".



## Section D

**Directions:** Fill in the blanks with a proper preposition or adverb.

31. The ditches were filled up \_\_\_\_\_ mud and rubbish after the pouring rain.

32. They seem to think building a new road will solve the traffic problem, but \_\_\_\_\_ effect, it will make it worse.

33. The best ways to lose weight are proper diet \_\_\_\_\_ combination with regular exercise.

34. Success doesn't only depend \_\_\_\_\_ what you do.

35. We must take notes \_\_\_\_\_ what we have learned in class.

36. Even when he was very young, he was fond \_\_\_\_\_ basketball.

37. The businessman made great contributions \_\_\_\_\_ society as a whole.

38. The Prime Minister went back to preside \_\_\_\_\_ the cabinet after recovering from illness.

39. That problem will exist \_\_\_\_\_ the long term.

40. Couples walked hand \_\_\_\_\_ hand along the front.

## Section E

**Directions:** Fill in the blanks with the words or phrases in the box to complete the passage.

defining many united interacting  
call economic common

Family is a group of persons (41) by the ties of marriage, blood, or adoption, constituting a single household and (42) with each other in their respective social positions, usually those of spouses, parents, children and siblings. "Family" is a single word, with (43) different meanings. People have many ways of (44) a family and what being a part of a family means to them. Families differ in terms of (45), cultural, social and many other facets, but what every family has in (46) is that the people who (47) it a family are making clear that those people are important in some way to the person calling them his family.

## 同位语及同位语从句

### I 同位语

用一个名词结构对另一个名词结构进行解释说明，这个结构就叫作同位语。其作用是使整个句子的表达更加正式和多样化。

e.g. Mr. Smith, **our new English teacher**, is very kind to us.

【详解】该句中 **our new English teacher** 名词结构置于名词 Mr. Smith 后，作同位语，具体解释说明 Mr. Smith 的身份。

The court supported the medical principle of “double effect”, **a centuries-old moral principle**.

【详解】逗号后的 **a centuries-old moral principle** 这个名词短语作同位语，解释说明 **double effect**。

### II 同位语从句

用一个完整句子对前面的名词（通常是抽象名词）进行解释说明，即同位语从句。

#### 注意

常见的抽象名词：belief/chance/contention/doubt/evidence/fact/faith/finding/hope/idea/notion/opinion/possibility/question/reason/theory

e.g. They had faith that tomorrow would be better than today.

【详解】**faith** 后接由 **that** 引导的同位语从句，对 **faith** 进行具体解释说明。

译文：他们有一个信仰，即明天会更好。

英语中引导同位语从句的词通常有连词 **that**、**whether**；连接代词 **what**、**who**；连接副词 **how**、**when**、**where** 等。（注：**if** 不能引导同位语从句）

e.g. He must answer the question **whether he agrees with it or not**.

I have no idea **when he will come**.



### III 同位语从句与定语从句的区别

## that 的比较

定语从句: This is the book (that I bought yesterday).

其中 that = the book, that 在从句中充当 bought 的宾语, that 可以省略。

同位语从句: The fact (that women can work as well as men) is clear.

其中 the fact = that women can work as well as men, that 在从句中不充当任何成分，且不能省略。

## Section A

**Directions:** Complete the following sentences with the most appropriate word from the four choices marked A, B, C and D.

**Directions:** Correct the following sentences.

11. I have no idea that I should buy the doll or not.

12. There are signs which restaurants are becoming more popular with families.

13. They expressed the wish what she could accept the award.

14. I have no idea that he will come back.

15. The fact which the money has gone does not mean it was stolen.



## Part IV / Reading Comprehension

**Directions:** Read the passage and choose the best answer from the four choices marked A, B, C and D.

### What Will Kindness Bring to Love

Hughie Erskine was in love. The girl he loved was Laura Merton, the daughter of a retired army officer. They were the best-looking couple in London, and had not a penny between them. Her father was very fond of Hughie, but would not hear of any engagement.

“Come to me, my boy, when you have got ten thousand pounds of your own, and we will see about it,” he used to say, and Hughie looked very miserable in those days.

One morning he went to see a great friend of his, Alan Trevor, who was a painter. When he came into the studio he found Trevor putting the finishing touches to a wonderful life-size picture of a beggar-man. The beggar himself was standing on a platform in a corner of the room. He was a dried up old man with a lined face



and a sad expression. Over his shoulder was thrown a rough brown coat, all torn and full of holes. His thick boots were old and mended, and with one hand he leaned on a rough stick, while with the other he held out his ancient hat for money.

“Poor old fellow!” said Hughie. “How miserable he looks!”

At that moment a servant came in and told Trevor that a man wanted to speak to him. Trevor went out.

The old beggar-man sat down to rest for a moment. He looked so miserable that Hughie pitied him, and felt in his pockets to see what money he had. All he could find was a pound and some pennies. “Poor old fellow,” he thought to himself, “he wants it more than I do, but I shan’t have much money myself for a week or two”; and he walked across the room and slipped the pound into the beggar’s hand.

The old man jumped, and a faint smile passed across his old lips. “Thank you, sir,” he said, “thank you.”

That night Trevor told Hughie that the old “beggar” was Baron Hausberg, one of the richest man in Europe, who had asked him a month before to paint him as a beggar. He also said that he had told the old man all about the lovely Laura and the ten thousand pounds. The next morning, as he was at breakfast, an old gentleman brought Hughie a letter from Baron Hausberg. On the envelope was written, “A wedding present to Hughie Erskine and Laura Merton, from an old beggar”, and inside was a cheque for ten thousand pounds.

1. The girl’s father \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. liked Hughie because he was rich
- B. disliked Hughie
- C. disliked Hughie because Hughie was poor
- D. liked Hughie but didn’t allow Hughie to marry his daughter

2. Hughie gave some money to the beggar because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he was very rich
- B. he was kind-hearted and showed mercy to the beggar
- C. the painter told him to do so
- D. the girl’s father told him to do so

3. Which is true about Baron Hausberg?

- A. He was the girl's father.
- B. He was a painter.
- C. He had a lot of wealth.
- D. He was a beggar.

4. It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Hughie Erskine married Laura Merton
- B. Hughie Erskine didn't marry Laura Merton
- C. Mr. Merton still didn't agree to the marriage
- D. Hughie married the girl because he was good-looking

5. We can learn from the text that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. one should be good-looking
- B. one should be poor
- C. one should be rich
- D. one should be tender-hearted

## Passage 2

**Directions:** Read the passage and complete the information by filling in the blanks.

## The Significance and Importance of Forgiveness in a Marriage

Many marriages become stuck because forgiveness is not a central tenet of the marriage. When problems arise, some couples become absolutely mired in a tit-for-tat cycle that puts brinkmanship and “settling the score” ahead of addressing and mitigating anger.

The importance of forgiveness in marriage cannot be understated. However, have you ever stopped and thought:

- What is forgiveness and why is it important?
- How important is forgiveness in a marriage?
- How does one practice forgiveness in marriage?

Forgiveness in marriage is an essential component of a successful relationship. You and your partner's ability to seek and grant forgiveness is highly significant to attain marital satisfaction.

Forgiveness in married life allows you to step out of the role of a victim and shows that you are capable of acknowledging your hurt and move on from it. Forgiveness in marriage is a skill that helps couples to process negative emotions and acts in order to build a stronger bond.

The idea of forgiving your partner who hurt you or made you angry can be the hardest thing to implement in a relationship. Letting go of your partner's misdeeds necessitates you to let go of your resentment against them. Trying to punish your partner by holding on to your negative emotions and acting frosty or distant is very harmful for your relationship. Working through these emotions, however, is a bold step that requires a lot of will to move past your partner's transgressions.

## The Significance and Importance of Forgiveness in a Marriage

Many marriages become stuck because (6) is neglected. The (7) of forgiveness in marriage cannot be understated. Forgiveness in marriage is an (8) component of a successful relationship. Forgiveness in marriage is a (9) that helps couples to process negative emotions and acts in order to build a stronger (10).

### Passage 3

**Directions:** Questions 11-15 are based on the following passage. Read the passage and complete the answers with *no more than three words* for each blank.

## How I Spend Quality Time with My Kids

Whatever your household situation, I imagine you have this same goal—to figure out how to spend quality time with your kids. Here's how we do it! These simple tips and ideas help me spend more quality time with my kids when time is limited. I hope they can do the same for you!

### Put your phone away.

Have you ever tracked the time you spend on your phone? I have and yikes (惊讶或突然害怕时说“呀”). It can be pretty eye opening to see how much time we spend on social media and other apps. While I do use my phone for work, I can't rationalize how Tiktok (抖音) has any real value beyond guilty (有罪的) pleasure. I started looking at my screen report as a time bank account and choosing to invest an hour or two of that weekly total into my girls as intentional time.

### If you have to, schedule family time on your calendar.

I know this may sound silly because after all you're often going to be with your family. But it's amazing what a difference it can make when an intentional activity is actually scheduled. For example, we love playing board games together but it's an easy thing to push off to another time. However, if I mark down 5: 30 pm—Ticket to Ride on my Friday calendar square, it's way more likely to actually happen.

### Pick an activity that they love.

I don't know what took me so long to get this one mastered. Maybe it's the same as the love languages—we choose what makes us feel loved and act that out for the people we love rather than figure out what makes them feel loved. I would plan out activities I wanted until I realized how much more special it is to join in alongside them for the things they love. Hailey loves crafts (I don't), so joining her in crafting for 20 minutes is more meaningful to her than an hour long walk around the neighborhood.



### Set a timer for chores/clean up.

It's easy to get lost in a sea of chores. But let's be honest, the list of to-do items will never really end, so we need to create boundaries around them. Set a timer on your stove, or a visual timer like we have (which is especially great for younger kids!) for getting chores done like picking up the living room or folding clothes. Once the timer is up, leave the rest of what didn't get done for after the kids go to bed or for the next morning. They're going to care a lot more about that 15 minutes spent snuggled (依偎) up and reading with you than having a tidy coffee table.

### Learn when to say no.

Confession: we are over-committed right now. We did this by design, so we are riding it out, but it's also an easy trap to get pulled into because we want our kids to have endless opportunities and access to skilled development. But we can do ourselves a favor and stop over-committing, which will allow for more margin in our lives. I've learned that if something isn't a heck yes, then it's a heck no. A good way to think of it is like this—by saying yes to a regularly scheduled activity, you're saying no to quality time you could be spending with your kids.

11. According to Paragraph 1, what is the common goal of all parents?

They all want to figure out how to spend \_\_\_\_\_ with their kids.

12. Why does the author suggest we put our phone away?

Because we spend too much \_\_\_\_\_ on it.

13. What activities should parents choose?

They should choose activities that their children \_\_\_\_\_.

14. How to deal with chores?

Set a \_\_\_\_\_ for chores.

15. According to the passage, why should we learn when to say no?

Because by saying yes to a \_\_\_\_\_, you're saying no to quality time you could be spending with your kids.



## Part V / Translation

### Section A

**Directions:** Translate the following sentences into English with the phrases in the bracket.

1. 多数父母喜欢跟孩子在一起。 ( be fond of )

2. 那一刻，他们感到幸福极了。 ( at that moment )

3. 原谅对于维持良好的婚姻很重要。 ( be significant to )

4. 父母应该放弃一些琐事。 ( let go of )

5. 婚姻能够使爱情有一个完美的结局。 ( be capable of )

### Section B

**Directions:** Translate the following sentences into Chinese.

6. Catch one's heart, never be apart.

7. If nature is used to describe the family, the love is the sun in the winter, it's warm.

8. Love is a light that never dims.

9. A happy marriage is a long conversation that always seems too short.

10. Leave the love to parents, let happiness accompany the old man.



# Part VI / Writing

**Directions:** Write an advertisement for a slimming restaurant according to the information given below.

假设你是李华，你现在需要为新开业的瘦身餐馆写一则英文广告，主题是“Once Tasted, Always Loved”。餐馆提倡平衡膳食，以饺子为特色，饭菜健康美味。该餐馆设在湖边，风景优美。订餐电话：5558888.

具体要求包括以下三点：

1. 介绍餐馆的特色和优势。
2. 可适当增加细节，使行文连贯。
3. 词数：120词左右。



